Equitas Holdings Limited

Solvency & Financial Condition Report

As at 31 March 2020

Corporate references

Firm Reference Number
Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)
Registered Number

204019 213800WGE6LLJYDKRI03 03136296

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Introduction and summary

This document is the Solvency & Financial Condition Report (SFCR) for Equitas Holdings Limited; it is based on the financial position as at 31 March 2020. This SFCR incorporates both consolidated information at the level of Equitas Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), and solo information for the subsidiary insurance undertaking Equitas Insurance Limited ("EIL or Solo"). A structure chart for the Group is attached at Appendix 1.

This report is prepared in compliance with a waiver granted by the PRA with effect from 18 May 2017.

Key Capital Performance Indicators

	Solo		Group	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	£000s	£000s	£000s	$\pounds000s$
Available and Eligible Own Funds	(79,512)	(39,277)	(73,302)	(33,024)
Standard Formula Solvency Capital Requirement (SCR)	140,224	117,065	137,034	113,253
SCR Deficit	(219,736)	(156,342)	(210,336)	(146,277)
Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR)	35,056	29,266	35,056	29,266
MCR Deficit	(114,568)	(68,543)	(108,358)	(62,290)
Solvency ratio	(57)%	(34)%	(53)%	(29)%

Review of the business

Equitas Limited, based in London, was established in September 1996 to reinsure and run-off the 1992 and prior years' non-life liabilities of Names, or Underwriters, at Lloyd's of London.

The Company was transformed when it entered into an agreement in November 2006 under which National Indemnity Company, a member of the Berkshire Hathaway group of companies, reinsured its liabilities and another member of the Berkshire Hathaway group, Resolute Management Services Limited ("RMSL"), took over responsibility for the run-off. This first phase of this transaction was completed in March 2007.

The second phase of the transaction was completed when the High Court made an order on 25 June 2009 approving the transfer under Part VII of the Financial Services & Markets Act 2000 of the 1992 and prior non-life business of members and former

members of Lloyd's to Equitas Insurance Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Equitas Holdings Limited formed for that purpose. The transfer covers all the business reinsured by Equitas Limited at the time of Reconstruction and Renewal in 1996, and includes the PCW syndicates' business reinsured by Lioncover Insurance Company Limited and the Warrilow syndicates' business reinsured by Centrewrite Limited. The transfer took effect on 30 June 2009, and means that Names are no longer liable for their 1992 and prior years' underwriting liabilities at Lloyd's as a matter of UK law. The transfer is recognised in all EEA jurisdictions.

In previous years the Group purchased a total of \$7 billion reinsurance cover, over and above the provisions at 31 March 2006, from National Indemnity Company ("National Indemnity"), a member of the Berkshire Hathaway group of insurance companies. A review of the development of the transaction with National Indemnity is set out on the next page.

The Group has continued to pursue its strategy to run-off the liabilities reinsured in 1996 which were transferred from the Names to the Group in 2009. A chart showing the chain of reinsurance is attached at Appendix 2.

Available own funds to meet the SCR have decreased by circa £40m between 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2020, and they remain negative. This decrease is driven by a circa £40m increase in the Solvency II valuation of liabilities.

The National Indemnity Reinsurance Agreement

Overview

There were two phases to the transaction. The first phase involved the purchase of an additional \$5.7 billion of reinsurance cover over and above the existing Equitas provisions at 31 March 2006, less claims payments and reinsurance recoveries received between 1 April 2006 and 31 March 2007. The second phase completed during the year ended 31 March 2010 involved the transfer of Names' obligations to policyholders to a new Group company, Equitas Insurance Limited, and the purchase of additional reinsurance cover of \$1.3 billion from National Indemnity.

Current cover position

The reinsurance cover in excess of that needed to match our assessment of the liabilities (the 'Additional Reinsurance Cover') available at the 31 March is set out in the table below:

	2020	2019
	\$m	\$m
Additional reinsurance cover available at 1 April 2019/2018	4,553	4,549
Movement in provisions	(191)	2
Exchange differences	5	2
Additional reinsurance cover available at		
31 March 2020/2019	4,367	4,553

As at 31 March 2020, \$2,633 million (or 37.6%) (2019: \$2,447 million (or 35.0%)) of the additional \$7.0 billion of reinsurance cover purchased from National Indemnity has been utilised to cover reserve deterioration since 1 April 2006. The cover remaining that is not yet required is not shown in the financial statements, nor in the SII balance sheet in this SFCR.

The level of cover remaining to meet potential liabilities significantly strengthens the Group's financial position. The risk that assets will not be sufficient to meet the liabilities as they fall due has become extremely remote as a result of the reinsurance purchased from National Indemnity.

How the run-off is managed

Resolute Management Services Limited ("RMSL"), a member of the Berkshire Hathaway group, manages the run-off as agent for Equitas Insurance Limited (formerly the Names prior to the Part VII transfer). The costs of running RMSL are met by National Indemnity, for as long as the total of claims paid (net of reinsurance recoveries) by National Indemnity is less than the total cover provided. RMSL is entitled to exercise wide powers to manage the retroceded business and is required to exercise those powers in the interests of the Group and Names.

Protection against reinsurer credit risk

RMSL manages the claims adjusting process. National Indemnity will not be required to provide security for its reinsurance obligations for so long as National Indemnity's insurer financial strength rating, as measured by Standard & Poor's, remains at AA- or higher. If, however, National Indemnity's rating were to drop below this level, it must either provide a letter of credit or establish a trust fund, equal to 102 per cent of its net liabilities under the agreement (provided that this does not exceed the remaining reinsurance cover), plus estimated future operating expenses. If National Indemnity's rating falls below A- then the 102 per cent requirement increases to 125 per cent (provided that this does not exceed the remaining reinsurance cover).

At the date of this report the Standard & Poor's rating for National Indemnity remains very strong at AA+. The Berkshire Hathaway group (of which National Indemnity is a part) had a rating of AA. At 31 December 2019, National Indemnity had \$168bn surplus as regards policyholders and total assets of \$286bn.

Valuation and adequacy of Regulatory Capital

The Standard Formula produces a Solvency Capital Requirement which management accept as appropriate to use for the business under Solvency II standards: i.e. corresponding to the Value-at-Risk of the basic own funds of the company subject to a confidence level of 99.5% over a one-year period. As the Group is in run-off, management also considers the capital requirement to a confidence level of 97.5% to ultimate; this is considered managements' Own Economic Capital Requirement (OECR).

For the purposes of calculating our SCR we need to arrive at our best estimate of all possible future outcomes rather than just reasonably foreseeable outcomes. We therefore have to consider the possibility that losses are significantly greater than current expectations such that the National Indemnity reinsurance cover exhausts. We make an assumption regarding the variability of the different components of the

provisions and then use a stochastic model to determine the expected net loss to Equitas Insurance Limited (EIL) in excess of the National Indemnity reinsurance cover.

It is forecast that EIL will continue to fail to meet both the Standard Formula Solvency Capital Requirement and management's Own Economic Capital Requirement over the current planning horizon; there are no current indicators that suggest that this is likely to change over the longer term.

EIL was formed under the less onerous capital requirements of Solvency I and the Group has no means of raising additional capital. Nevertheless, the Board believes that the substantial unutilised reinsurance cover available makes the prospect of the failure of EIL extremely remote. EIL is subject to the requirements of the Solvency II directive and Equitas Holdings Limited is required to report under Solvency II as the group holding company. Equitas Limited and Equitas Reinsurance Limited whilst not subject to Solvency II do have to report solvency criteria in line with the Solvency I requirements and, for similar reasons do not meet the capital requirements. At the time the Part VII was approved by the High Court our confidence level that the NICO reinsurance would be sufficient to cover loss to ultimate was assessed at 96.9%. Our current assessment is 96.0%.

Governance

EHL and its wholly-owned subsidiaries are run by a common Board of Directors. Meetings are normally held on a quarterly basis with additional meetings scheduled as required.

The Board meets regularly to receive the operational reports for the Group from RMSL relating to the run-off activities, monitor the investment portfolio, deal with regulatory matters and handle any other corporate business.

Whilst the 4 main key Governance functions of Risk Management, Internal Control, Compliance and Actuarial are all outsourced to RMSL, full responsibility remains with the Group Board and is exercised by direct oversight by the Group Chief Executive Officer (CEO).

A. BUSINESS AND PERFORMANCE

A1 Business

Equitas Limited, based in London, was established in September 1996 to reinsure and run-off the 1992 and prior years' non-life liabilities of Names, or Underwriters, at Lloyd's of London.

Equitas Reinsurance Limited ("ERL") completed the reinsurance of the 1992 and prior years' business, except business previously reinsured by Lioncover Insurance Company Limited ("Lioncover business"), with effect from 3 September 1996 and reinsured the Lioncover business with effect from 18 December 1997. It retroceded these businesses to Equitas Limited. Equitas Reinsurance Limited and Equitas Limited are authorised and regulated under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 by the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under Solvency I.

Equitas Limited was transformed when it entered into an agreement in November 2006 under which National Indemnity Company, a member of the Berkshire Hathaway group of companies, reinsured its liabilities and another member of the Berkshire Hathaway group, Resolute Management Services Limited ("RMSL"), took over responsibility for the run-off. This first phase of this transaction was completed in March 2007.

The second phase of the transaction was completed when the High Court made an order on 25 June 2009 approving the transfer under Part VII of the Financial Services & Markets Act 2000 of the 1992 and prior non-life business of members and former members of Lloyd's to Equitas Insurance Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Equitas Holdings Limited formed for that purpose. The transfer covers all the business reinsured by Equitas Limited at the time of Reconstruction and Renewal in 1996, and includes the PCW syndicates' business reinsured by Lioncover Insurance Company Limited and the Warrilow syndicates' business reinsured by Centrewrite Limited. The transfer took effect on 30 June 2009, and means that Names are no longer liable for their 1992 and prior years' underwriting liabilities at Lloyd's as a matter of UK law. The transfer is recognised in all EEA jurisdictions.

Equitas Insurance Limited ("EIL") is authorised and regulated under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 by the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority under Solvency II. It is only authorised to effect and carry out the business that was transferred to it pursuant to the Part VII transfer and cannot accept any new business. Appendix 1 shows the group structure and Appendix 2 shows the chain of reinsurance.

Name and legal form of the Undertakings

Equitas Holdings Limited (EHL) is a limited company incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales (No. 03136296), and is regulated under Solvency II.

Equitas Insurance Limited (EIL) is a limited company incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales (No. 06704451), and is regulated under Solvency II.

Equitas Reinsurance Limited (ERL) is a limited company incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales (No. 03136300), and is regulated under Solvency I.

Equitas Limited (EL) is a limited company incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales (No. 03173352), and is regulated under Solvency I.

The registered address of the above Companies is 4th Floor, 8 Fenchurch Place, London EC3M 4AJ.

The National Indemnity Transaction

On 30 March 2007 Equitas Limited entered into a whole account retrocession agreement with National Indemnity Company, a member of the Berkshire Hathaway group of companies.

Future outlook

The Group will continue to focus on monitoring the run-off.

As expected, the capital requirements have not been met and it is unlikely that the requirement will be met in the foreseeable future. Equitas Insurance Limited (EIL) was formed under the less onerous capital requirements of Solvency I and the Group has no means of raising additional capital. Nevertheless, the Board believes that the substantial unutilised reinsurance cover available makes the prospect of the failure of EIL extremely remote. Equitas Insurance Limited is subject to the requirements of the Solvency II directive and Equitas Holdings Limited is required to report under Solvency II as the group holding company. Equitas Limited and Equitas Reinsurance Limited whilst not subject to Solvency II do have to report solvency criteria in line with the Solvency I requirements and, for similar reasons do not meet the capital requirements.

The Company employs only one member of staff, its Chief Executive. By virtue of the reinsurance contract between the Group and National Indemnity, the day to day operations are undertaken by Resolute Management Services Limited, a member of the Berkshire Hathaway Group. This can be considered to be a form of outsourcing although it arises from the reinsurance transaction rather than separate outsource agreement.

There are some items that fall outside the remit of the reinsurance contract, but the great majority of the activities fall within its remit. One of the key responsibilities of the Chief Executive is to monitor the operation of the run-off to ensure that it is being managed appropriately in accordance with the contract. Whilst the remaining cover is significantly greater than the liabilities, the financial risk lies with National Indemnity, and so by virtue of the contractual agreement, the ability to control the day to day operations is very limited.

Supervision

The Group is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and Prudential Regulation Authority.

The PRA may be contacted through their website at www.bankofengland.co.uk/pra or at 20 Moorgate, London, EC2R 6DA.

The FCA may be contacted through their website at www.fca.org.uk or at 25 North Colonnade, Canary Wharf, London, E14 5HS.

Auditor

As reported in the Report and Accounts, the Group's external auditor is PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, 7 More London Riverside, London SE1 2RT.

A2 Underwriting Performance in 2020

Management are responsible for ensuring that the business is adequately capitalised and safely managed. The Governance structure and Risk management processes are designed to ensure this. The Group took on its UK-written liabilities in 1996 and 1997 and has not written any insurance business since that time.

For the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group reported a loss after taxation of £111k (2019 £231k loss), driven by the excess of corporate expenses over investment income.

As at 31 March 2020, the Group had Shareholders' funds amounting to £82,462k (2019 £82,573k) and UK GAAP Balance Sheet Technical gross provisions as set out below:

Provision for claims outstanding for both EHL Group & EIL Solo

	Claims	Reinsurance	Net
	£000s	£000s	£000s
Provisions at 1 April 2019	4,457,437	(4,457,437)	
Payments, receipts and accruals	(189, 185)	189,185	-
Reassessment of liabilities and reinsurances	161,625	(161,625)	-
Exchange movements	190,232	(190,232)	-
Provisions at 31 March 2020	4,620,109	(4,620,109)	-
	Claima	D.:	Not
	Claims	Reinsurance	Net
	£000s	${ m \pounds000s}$	£000s
Provisions at 1 April 2018	4,419,487	(4,419,487)	_
Payments, receipts and accruals	(245,741)	245,741	-
Reassessment of liabilities and reinsurances	12,460	(12,460)	-
Exchange movements	271,231	(271,231)	-
Provisions at 31 March 2019	4,457,437	(4,457,437)	-

The above Gross £161,625k (2019 £12,460k) of Incurred losses have arisen from an actuarial review of the insurance reserves which resulted in an increase in the Pollution, US Inwards RI Asbestos and Balance of Account liabilities.

Because of the uncertainties inherent in the Group's liabilities, there are many assumptions and estimation techniques which individually could have a material impact on the amount of liabilities and the related reinsurance assets. Actual experience will often vary from these assumptions, and any consequential adjustments to amounts previously reported will be reflected in the results of the year in which they are identified. The provision for claims outstanding is based upon actuarial and other studies of the ultimate cost of liabilities including exposure based and statistical estimation techniques.

Significant delays occur in the notification and settlement of certain claims, and a substantial measure of experience and judgment is involved in making the assumptions for assessing outstanding liabilities, the ultimate cost of which cannot be known with certainty at the balance sheet date. The gross provision for claims outstanding and related reinsurance recoveries is estimated on the basis of information currently available.

The provision for claims outstanding includes significant amounts in respect of notified and potential IBNR claims for long tail liabilities. The settlement of these claims is not expected to occur for many years, and there is considerable uncertainty as to the amounts at which they will be settled.

Where a claim is disputed, the validity of the claim is ultimately an issue that can only be determined by the courts. The provisions for disputed claims are based on the Group's view as to the expected outcomes of such court decisions.

Uncertainty is further increased because of the potential for unforeseen changes in the legal, judicial, technological or social environment, which may increase or decrease the cost, frequency or reporting of claims, and because of the potential for new sources or types of claim to emerge.

A3 Investment Performance in 2020

Investments are invested in variable yield securities, debt securities and other fixed interest securities. The external investment manager, NEAM, is not permitted to use derivative financial instruments.

The Fund is held to invest the long term ongoing capital reserves of the Group. The Company is exposed to credit risk on its portfolio of investments. The mandate for the external fund manager requires a minimum investment quality and places restrictions on the level of exposure with each counterparty.

The estimated fair value of these investments held by the Group as at 31 March 2020 was £79,963k (2019 £82,235k) (EIL £37,116k; 2019 £37,634k). For the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group reported an investment return gain of £1,038k (2019 £1,004k gain), with associated investment management fees of £137k (2019 £224k) (EIL: £450k income less £57k fees; 2019 £414k income less £102k fees).

The EHL Board of Directors is satisfied with the 2020 performance of the Group.

A4 Performance of Other Activities

The Group does not undertake any other activities other than the orderly run-off of Claims provisions. Administration expenses for the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020 were £1,149k (2019 £1,234k) for the Group, including £986k (2019 £1,030k) for EIL.

A5 Any Other Material Information

The information presented in section A is extracted from the Financial Statements and provides a complete view of the business and performance of the Company during the period.

COVID-19

The World Health Organisation declared a pandemic in relation to the Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) on 11 March 2020. On 18 March in response to the pandemic, RMSL announced that employees were to work from home. The outbreak is causing unprecedented social disruption, and global economic and financial markets volatility. The current operational focus is on keeping people healthy, business continuity management and operational resilience.

Operational resilience

Individuals are in continued contact with each other through the use of technology. We are confident we have systems and processes are in place to ensure that we continue to deliver a high level service and responsiveness.

Stress and sensitivity testing analysis

Management have reviewed the Group and Company's assets to determine any potential impact the COVID-19 pandemic may have on their value and recoverability. Management consider the value ascribed to the Company's assets on the balance sheet to remain appropriate as the impact of COVID-19 is deemed to be minimal. In particular the financial strength of National Indemnity continues to remain high.

There is no other material information relating to business and performance

B. SYSTEM OF GOVERNANCE

B1 General information on the System of Governance

Ownership

Equitas Holdings Limited is owned by the Equitas Trust. The current Trustees are Messrs ME McL Deeny (Chairman), DES Shipley, RB Spooner and Sir Adam Ridley.

The Corporation of Lloyd's owns the one deferred share in the capital of EHL, which carries the right to appoint one Director.

Board

EHL and its wholly-owned subsidiaries are run by a common Board of Directors. Meetings are normally held on a quarterly basis with additional meetings scheduled as required.

Board members at 31 March 2020 were:

David Shipley - Chairman

Jeremy Heap
 Chief Executive Officer
 Jane Barker
 Non-executive Director
 Non-executive Director

Michael Deeny - Trustees' Nominated Director
Peter Spires - Lloyd's Nominated Director
Sir Adam Ridley - Trustees' Nominated Director
Richard Spooner - Trustees' Nominated Director

The Board meets regularly to receive the operational reports for the Group from RMSL relating to the run-off activities, monitor the investment portfolio, deal with regulatory matters and handle any other corporate business.

Whilst the 4 main key Governance functions of Risk Management, Internal Control, Compliance and Actuarial are all outsourced to RMSL, full responsibility remains with the Group Board and is exercised by direct oversight by the Group Chief Executive Officer (CEO). These functions and reporting procedures are applied consistently across the Group, and the CEO satisfies himself that the resources applied are appropriate.

Furthermore, the CEO is a member of the RMSL Audit committee.

The only committee of the Board is an audit committee, since all other matters are brought to the attention of the whole Board. The Equitas Holdings Audit committee is chaired by Mr DES Shipley, all members of the board are members of the Audit committee with the exception of the CEO.

Directors' remuneration is on a fixed fee basis which is reviewed annually by the Board.

Risk Management, Internal Control systems and reporting procedures are applied consistently across the Group.

The CEO undertakes an annual assessment of the adequacy of the above system of governance.

Key responsibilities of the Board include:

- 1. Determining the strategic direction of the Group and to define Risk Appetite.
- 2. Ensuring that the Group has a suitably resourced system of Compliance and Independent Review and to monitor the adequacy of its operation.
- 3. Ensuring that the Group Treats Customers Fairly and has adequate systems to address Financial Crime risks.
- 4. Ensuring that the Group is compliant with all relevant legislation. This includes PRA & FCA and applicable overseas Insurance Regulations and Codes of Practice.
- 5. Preparing an ORSA report (Forward Looking Assessment of Own Risks in accordance with the Own Risk and Solvency Assessment principles)
- 6. Ensuring the System of Governance remains appropriate.

B2 Fit and Proper Requirements

The Group has a policy which sets out the procedures to ensure that all those undertaking controlled functions on behalf of the company are and remain fit and proper to carry out those functions.

These procedures ensure that the CEO

- meets the requirements of the Regulators' 'fit and proper' test and follow its principles;
- complies with the Statement of Responsibilities; and
- reports anything that could affect their on-going suitability.

The following factors are taken into account when deciding whether an individual is fit and proper:

- their honesty, integrity and reputation;
- their competence and capability; and
- their financial soundness.

Fitness and propriety checks are made by the Board before an individual is appointed to carry out a controlled function, to ensure that they have the appropriate skills, knowledge & expertise.

B3 Risk management system including the own risk and solvency assessment

The Group remains exposed to financial risk through its reinsurance assets, financial assets and liabilities. The Group recognises the importance of having efficient and effective risk management systems in place to identify, manage and monitor those risks. EHL has developed a risk register which is considered by the Board at each of its meetings.

The key business strategy for EHL was encapsulated in the decision to purchase the whole account run off reinsurance from National Indemnity Company and to transfer the day-to-day management of the claims' run-off and the collection of the reinsurances to RMSL. EHL therefore takes few business decisions in respect of the run off while the National Indemnity contract is operating properly and valid claims are being paid.

The Equitas Group continues close oversight of this Outsource by the Group CEO working closely with the RMSL Senior management.

The contract with National Indemnity is specific on the triggers at which EHL must commence taking key business decisions. The Board review regularly whether any protections in the contract with National Indemnity have been or should be triggered.

Own Risk and Solvency Assessment (ORSA)

EHL has developed an "Own Risk and Solvency Assessment" (ORSA) process. It is an on-going process that produces an ORSA Report (being a Forward Looking Assessment of Own Risks or "FLAOR") at least annually, both at Group and Insurer level. The process and report are central to the management of risk, and monitoring capital requirements and availability, and is executed by the Group CEO's close interaction with RMSL Senior management.

The ORSA is a continuing process and the ORSA Report will normally be produced annually and presented to the Board for their review, challenge and approval.

The report will be updated at other times for the following defined events:

- Significant changes in the assessment of gross provisions
- Downgrade of National Indemnity rating;
- Significant change to investment strategy

B4 Internal Control System

Internal controls are implemented to control risk. All internal controls are efficiently designed to achieve the required level of control in a cost—effective manner.

Internal controls are required where the inherent risk is in excess of the agreed risk appetite. Internal controls that are required to reduce the residual risk to the agreed risk appetite are defined as key controls. Controls required for regulatory purposes are identified as such.

As noted above the responsibility for running off the claims and collection of the reinsurances falls to RMSL and they have put in place an internal control system for their operations in relation to the Equitas business they manage.

RMSL Internal controls are identified with a defined owner responsible for maintenance of the control.

RMSL Internal controls are fully documented. The documentation includes:

- description of the control
- control category preventative/detective/corrective
- control type manual/ automatic/organisational
- control owner
- risks mitigated by control, and control importance relative to risks (key control/supplementary control)
- whether control is a regulatory requirement and applicable regulation
- explanatory note regarding control operation
- for detective controls identification of control performer; definition of control frequency; documentation requirement for evidence of control performance

Internal control performance is recorded in the Risk Management and Internal Control System. There is a quarterly management report to the RMSL risk committee reporting control performance.

Internal controls are subject to verification of control operation and existence by the RMSL Chief Compliance Officer and RMSL Head of Group Internal Audit.

B5 Internal Audit Function

The function of Internal Audit is to provide independent, objective assurance. RMSL's operations are assessed by their Internal Audit team to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control and governance processes.

Reporting directly to the Chair of the RMSL Audit Committee, the RMSL Head of Group Internal Audit operates independently from the business and has unrestricted access to all activities undertaken in RMSL, in order to review, appraise and report on:

- The adequacy and effectiveness of the systems of financial, operational and management control and their operation in practice in relation to the business risks to be addressed;
- The extent of compliance with, relevance of, and financial effect of, policies, standards, plans and procedures and the extent of compliance with external laws and regulations, including reporting requirements of regulatory bodies;
- The extent to which adequate business continuity plans exist;
- The suitability, accuracy, reliability and integrity of financial and other management information and the means used to identify measure, classify and report such information;
- The integrity of processes and systems, including those under development, to ensure that controls offer adequate protection against error, fraud and loss of all kinds; and that the process aligns with the organisation's strategic goals;
- The suitability of the organisation of the units audited for carrying out their functions, and to report where services are provided in a way which is economical, efficient and effective;
- Recommendation of the follow-up action required to be taken to remedy weaknesses identified by Internal Audit review including monitoring completion against the required resolution date, and, ensuring that good practice is identified and communicated widely;
- Preparation of an annual audit plan and submission of the plan for review and approval to the RMSL Audit committee;
- Carrying out the approved audit plan and reporting to the RMSL Audit committee;
- Reporting to the RMSL Audit and Risk Committee at least annually on:
 - a. Assessments of the adequacy and effectiveness of RMSL's systems of risk management and internal control based on the work of Internal Audit
 - b. reporting significant issues related to the processes for controlling RMSL's activities, including potential improvements to those processes, and provide information concerning such issues through to resolution; and
 - c. Providing periodic information on the status and results of the annual audit plan and the sufficiency of Internal Audit resources.

The CEO of Equitas Holdings Limited is a member of the RMSL Audit committee.

B6 Actuarial Function

RMSL has developed an Actuarial Team that specialises in the assessment and reserving of companies in run-off that are managed by Resolute.

The actuarial function engages with the Board, regulators, and auditors to ensure that the risks that the group faces are well understood and reflected in the analysis performed as part of the reserving processes.

Principal responsibilities of the Actuarial Function are:

- Advising the Board on the appropriate level of provisions.
- To keep the group updated with significant reserving related developments throughout the year.
- To undertake the calculation of the technical provisions of the group and explain any material changes in data, methodologies or assumptions between valuation dates.
- The provision of actuarial information to the business as required including into Solvency II Pillar 3 Reporting.

B7 Outsourcing Arrangements

Outsourcing is an arrangement where an Outsource Provider is appointed to perform particular activities which would otherwise be undertaken by staff directly employed by the company. The Company employs only one member of staff. By virtue of the reinsurance contract between the Equitas Group and National Indemnity, the day to day operations are undertaken by RMSL, a member of the Berkshire Hathaway Group. RMSL is a UK company. This can be considered to be a form of outsourcing although it arises from the reinsurance transaction rather than separate outsource agreement.

There are some items that fall outside the remit of the reinsurance contract, but the great majority of the activities fall within its remit. One of the key responsibilities of the Chief Executive is to monitor the operation of the run-off to ensure that it is being managed appropriately in accordance with the contract. Whilst the remaining cover is significantly greater than the liabilities, the financial risk lies with National Indemnity, and so by virtue of the contractual agreement, the ability to control the day to day operations is very limited. It is a requirement of the contract that a financial report is prepared by RMSL each quarter which is presented to the board of EHL. Members of Resolute attend parts of the EHL board meeting to present their report and answer questions, thus the board is not reliant on the Chief Executive as their sole source of information.

The Equitas Group does have the right to consider certain claims, reinsurance and commutation transactions when they are of a significant size and they are with a counterparty that is related to the Berkshire Hathaway group. The definition of such related party activities is very widely drawn.

There are other activities which do not fall under the reinsurance contract where EHL has chosen to outsource these activities, some of them to RMSL and others to third parties.

RMSL provide the following services to the Equitas Group (EHL):

- 1. Keeping and maintaining accounting records which are sufficient to show and explain the EHL transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy (at any time) the financial position of EHL to enable the Directors to ensure that the EHL balance sheet and profit and loss are properly prepared.
- 2. Preparing (subject to the approval of the Board) annual reports and accounts and providing the Board with any or all information, explanations and assistance as they may require in connection with the accounts of EHL.
- 3. Reviewing and finalising quarterly management accounts as reasonably required by EHL.
- 4. Providing the auditors with any or all information, explanations and assistance as they may require in connection with auditing the accounts of EHL.
- 5. Supplying internal audit services as may be required by EHL from time to time.
- 6. Preparing and submitting returns to the regulators on behalf of EHL and dealing with all matters relating to the preparation and submission of such returns.
- 7. Providing premises and information technology.

The Chief Executive is responsible for the oversight of the services provided by RMSL.

Investment Management is outsourced to New England Asset Management Ltd. (NEAM), based in London. The investment mandate is established by the Board, with any changes to the mandate and applied by NEAM. Furthermore, NEAM's compliance to the investment mandate is independently verified by RMSL Finance, in conjunction with a specialist investment reporting company, Clearwater Analytics Inc.

NEAM is not permitted to use derivative financial. The Fund is held to invest the long term on-going capital reserves of the Group.

Entering into an outsource arrangement does not relieve the Board of its responsibility for the outsourced activity.

B8 Any Other Information

There is no other material information relating to the system of governance for the Equitas Group.

C. RISK PROFILE

The Group distinguishes between Strategic Risks and Operating Risks as the management of these risks have different characteristics.

Strategic Risks involve both risk and reward. In the context of the Group these are essentially Insurance Risk, Market Risk, Reinsurer Credit Risk, and Market Risk.

Analysis of Risk Profile (As per Form S.25.01)

EIL Solo basis and EHL Group basis, as at 31 March

	20	20	2019		
	EIL	\mathbf{EHL}	EIL	EHL	
	Solo	Group	Solo	Group	
	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	
Insurance Risk	29,905	29,905	22,563	22,563	
Market Risk	33,891	29,320	29,677	24,193	
Counterparty default Risk	75,079	75,108	63,650	63,727	
Diversification Credit	(31,011)	(28,922)	(25,840)	(23, 365)	
Basic SCR	107,864	105,411	90,050	87,118	
Operational Risk	32,360	31,623	27,015	26,135	
Final Standard Formula SCR	140,224	137,034	117,065	113,253	
MCR	35,056	35,056	29,266	29,266	

C1 Insurance Risk (Underwriting Risk)

The group is in run-off and considers insurance risk within its general insurance activity to be the management of claims and the adequacy of reserving. The risk relates to the inherent uncertainty around the level of provisions held. Actuarial claims reserving is conducted by RMSL on a prudent basis such that provisions are more likely to be overstated rather than understated, however there remains a reasonable possibility that the final outcome will show that provisions are understated and possibly by a material margin. The additional reinsurance protection purchased by the group provides substantial protection in excess of current gross liabilities. The adequacy of the Company's provisions is overseen by the Board.

C2 Market Risk

Market Risk is the risk of an adverse financial impact because of changes in future cash flows of financial instruments owing to fluctuations in interest rates and market prices. The Company's investment strategy is conservative to ensure that investments are managed in accordance with the prudent persons principle. The mandate for the external fund manager (NEAM) places controls over investment quality and restricts the level of exposure to each non-government counterparty. A minimum of 25% of the

portfolio is invested in UK government related instruments or cash at all times. The Company has no off-balance sheet transactions.

C3 Reinsurer Credit Risk

Reinsurer Credit Risk is the risk of loss in the financial assets due to counterparties failing to meet all or part of their obligations.

Reinsurance remains in force from the syndicates pre-1993, the reinsurance contract with National Indemnity Inc (NICO) includes all the credit risks for this original reinsurance hence the Group only considers the NICO contract in relation to credit risk.

In the event of significant adverse claims experience, the Group is highly reliant on the ability of its reinsurer, National Indemnity Company (National Indemnity) to respond. Based on year end available figures, National Indemnity reported surplus assets of US\$168bn and total assets of US\$286bn and is rated AA+ by S&P rating agency.

In addition, should the rating of National Indemnity fall below AA-, National Indemnity has to collateralise its' obligations by either a letter of credit, or putting assets into a trust fund.

However, it should be noted that we are unable to recognise NICO's collateralisation obligations within the standard formula calculation of Counterparty default Risk, hence this is a significant component of the SCR.

C4 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group cannot meet its obligations associated with financial liabilities as they fall due. The Group manages its liquidity in order to maintain sufficient financial resources to meet obligations as they fall due. A portion of the Group's resources that would cover several months' expenses is retained in readily realisable bank and money market deposits and thus liquidity risk is low. National Indemnity is responsible for settling insurance claims as they become due.

Given that liquidity is not a material risk for the Group, no specific risk sensitivity is provided.

Furthermore, as the Group has no premium income, the Expected Profit on Future premium is £nil.

C5 Operational Risk

Operational Risk is the risk of an adverse financial impact owing to being in business and can arise from the operation's people, processes, and systems. Reliance is placed on the Chief Executive and the Company Secretary to provide oversight of each other's actions. RMSL has issued a procedures and controls document for the activities it undertakes.

C6 Other Material Risks

There are no other material risks.

C7 Stress testing and sensitivity analysis

As the group is in run-off, management also considers the capital requirement to a confidence level of 97.5% to ultimate. This is considered managements' Own Economic Capital Requirement and this gives management an additional view of the Risk Profile. As shown on the next page, managements' Own Economic Capital Requirement at 31st March 2020 is £541m, which greatly exceeds available own funds.

The models used to calculate best estimate provisions and capital requirements are based on a number of parameter assumptions.

Sensitivity analyses are performed on these models. This informs management regarding the more sensitive parameters. These sensitivity exercises are undertaken for both managements' assessment of the OECR and for the Solvency II regulatory capital requirement.

Scenario testing is also undertaken based on a number of management defined scenarios which are applied and reported for ultimate best estimate. The scenarios are by definition considered to be adverse, and potentially extreme, events and therefore a representation of the circumstances that may apply and prompt one of the adverse scenarios in the capital modelling; they are used to help contextualise extreme outcomes projected by modelling.

Key results of Stress testing

Analysis shows that Insurance Risk is material. The most sensitive parameter assumptions are those that determine the distribution of gross insurance losses, since more variable distribution assumptions lead to a larger simulated probability that the NICO cover exhausts, leading to a larger net best estimate and larger OECR.

	202	20	2019		
Sensitivity	Discounted	OECR	Discounted	OECR	
	Net Best	(Ultimate	Net Best	(Ultimate	
	Estimate	basis)	Estimate	basis)	
	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	
Base, selected	90,511	540,724	67,374	335,733	
Higher loss variability	142,452	1,372,838	104,435	883,619	
Lower loss variability	56,513	4,515	43,729	8,877	
Higher correlation between classes	103,055	765,989	75,026	485,931	
Lower correlation between classes	77,918	283,818	60,448	201,750	

The analysis also demonstrated that Reinsurer Credit Risk is not material. This is due to the mitigating effect of the collateral arrangements within the NICO reinsurance contract, which we are unable to recognise in our standard formula SCR calculation, but do recognise in our OECR assessment.

Another well informed actuary with access to the same underlying information may well regard either our 'Higher loss variability' scenario or our 'Lower loss variability'

scenario as their preferred best estimate. Our selected best estimate sits in the middle of what we would regard as a range of reasonable best estimates. This highlights the materiality of Insurance Risk and an unavoidable limitation in the analysis.

Material Risk concentrations

With reference to the Group's Risk profile above, the most material risk concentration arises within the Counterparty default risk measure, and is due to the fact that all Reinsurer Credit Risk relates to the NICO contract. However this risk is greatly reduced by the collateral obligations within the contract.

There are no material risks concentrations within the Insurance, Market or Operational Risks.

Risk Profile

There are no material changes to the risk profile.

D. VALUATION FOR SOLVENCY PURPOSES

The details of the Group's Assets and Liabilities as at 31 March 2020 are disclosed in the table below, along with the valuations adjustments between UK GAAP and the Solvency II equivalents.

The equivalent table for Equitas Insurance Limited (Solo) is also presented below.

In accordance with Article 75 of the Solvency II Directive, the Company's assets and liabilities other than technical provisions are measured in accordance with principles of an arm length transaction between knowledgeable willing parties using consistent valuations methods.

Equitas Holdings Limited				Solvency II Adjustme		
Group	Notes	UK GAAP	Reclass'n Adj's		ents	Solvency II
Solvency II Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020, £000			Aujs	Technical Provisions	Other	
Assets						
Total Investments		79,334	629			79,963
Government Bonds	1	18,843	81			18,923
Corporate Bonds	1	60,490	549			61,039
Collateralised Securities	1	0				0
Collective Investment Undertakings	1	0				0
Derivatives	3	0				0
Deposits other than cash equivalents	1	0				0
Reinsurance Recoverables	2	4,620,109		(311,119)		4,308,990
Non-life excluding health		4,533,212		(305,089)		4,228,124
Health similar to non-life		86,897		(6,030)		80,867
Cash and cash equivalents	1	2,583				2,583
Other assets	1	780	(629)			150
Total Assets		4,702,805		(311,119)		4,391,687
Liabilities						
Total Non-Life Technical Provisions		4,620,109		(155,354)		4,464,755
Technical provisions – non-life excluding health	4	4,533,212		(152,285)		4,380,927
Best Estimate	4					4,316,914
Risk margin						64,013
Technical provisions - health (similar to non-life)		86,897		(3,069)		83,828
Best estimate	4					82,587
Risk Margin	4					1,241
Derivatives	3	0				0
Other liabilities	5	234				234
Total Liabilities		4,620,343		(155,354)		4,464,989
Excess of Assets over Liabilities		82,462		(155,765)		(73,302)

Equitas Holdings Limited Group				Solvency II Value Adjustments		Calaran ara II
Solvency II Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019, £000	Notes	UK GAAP	Reclass'n Adj's	Technical Provisions	Other	Solvency II
Assets						
Total Investments		81,696	503			82,199
Government Bonds	1	12,081	30			12,111
Corporate Bonds	1	44,087	469			44,556
Collateralised Securities	1	3,062	4			3,066
Collective Investment Undertakings	1	22,466				22,466
Derivatives	3	0				0
Deposits other than cash equivalents	1	0				0
Reinsurance Recoverables	2	4,457,437		(810,433)		3,647,004
Non-life excluding health		4,372,665		(795,020)		3,577,645
Health similar to non-life		84.772		(15,413)		69,359
Cash and cash equivalents	1	740				740
Other assets	1	542	(503)			39
Total Assets		4,540,415		(810,433)		3,729,982
Liabilities						
Total Non-Life Technical Provisions		4,457,437		(694,835)		3,762,602
Technical provisions – non-life excluding health	4	4,372,665		(681,621)		3,691,044
Best Estimate	4					3,643,737
Risk margin						47,307
Technical provisions - health (similar to non-life)		84,772		(13,214)		71,558
Best estimate	4					70,640
Risk Margin	4					918
Derivatives	3	0				0
Other liabilities	5	405				405
Total Liabilities		4,457,842		(694,835)		3,763,006
Excess of Assets over Liabilities		82,573		(115,598)		(33,024)

Equitas Insurance Limited Solo	Notes	UK GAAP	Reclass'n	Solvency II Value Adjustments		Solvency II
Solvency II Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020, £000	Notes	OR GIVII	Adj's	Technical Provisions	Other	
Assets						
Total Investments		84,032	292			84,324
Holdings in related undertakings		47,208				47,208
Government Bonds	1	8,602	38			8,640
Corporate Bonds	1	28,222	254			28,476
Collateralised Securities	1	0				0
Collective Investment Undertakings	1	0				0
Derivatives	3	0				0
Deposits other than cash equivalents	1	0				0
Reinsurance Recoverables	2	4,620,109		(311,119)		4,308,990
Non-life excluding health		4,533,212		(305,089)		4,228,124
Health similar to non-life		86,897		(6,030)		80,867
Cash and cash equivalents	1	945				945
Other assets	1	292	(292)			0
Total Assets		4,705,378		(311,119)		4,394,260
Liabilities						
Total Non-Life Technical Provisions		4,620,109		(155,354)		4,464,755
Technical provisions – non-life excluding health	4	4,533,212		(152,285)		4,380,927
Best Estimate	4					4,316,914
Risk margin						64,013
Technical provisions - health (similar to non-life)		86,897		(3,069)		83,828
Best estimate	4					82,587
Risk Margin	4					1,241
Derivatives	3	0				0
Sub-Ordinated Loans	5	22,820				22,820
Other liabilities	5	9,017				9,017
Total Liabilities		4,651,946		(155,354)		4,496,592
Excess of Assets over Liabilities		53,432		(155,765)		(102,333)

Equitas Insurance Limited Solo	Notes	Notes UK GAAP	Reclass'n	Solvency II Value Adjustments		Solvency II
Solvency II Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019, £000	Notes	OK GAAF	Adj's	Technical Provisions	Other	
Assets						
Total Investments		84,113	224			84,337
Holdings in related undertakings		46,740				46,740
Government Bonds	1	5,363	13			5,376
Corporate Bonds	1	19,984	209			20,193
Collateralised Securities	1	1,331	2			1,333
Collective Investment Undertakings	1	10,695				10,695
Derivatives	3	0				0
Deposits other than cash equivalents	1	0				0
Reinsurance Recoverables	2	4,457,437		(810,433)		3,647,004
Non-life excluding health		4,372,665		(795,020)		3,577,645
Health similar to non-life		84,772		(15,413)		69,359
Cash and cash equivalents	1	281				281
Other assets	1	237	(224)			13
Total Assets		4,542,068		(810,433)		3,731,635
Liabilities						
Total Non-Life Technical Provisions		4,457,437		(694,835)		3,762,602
Technical provisions – non-life excluding health	4	4,372,665		(681,621)		3,691,044
Best Estimate	4					3,643,737
Risk margin						47,307
Technical provisions - health (similar to non-life)		84,772		(13,214)		71,558
Best estimate	4					70,640
Risk Margin	4					918
Derivatives	3	0				0
Sub-Ordinated Loans	5	21,925				21,925
Other liabilities	5	8,310				8,310
Total Liabilities		4,487,672		(694,835)		3,792,837
Excess of Assets over Liabilities		54,396		(115,598)		(61,202)

D1 Assets

Note 1 For Solvency II valuation purposes:

Investments

Bonds and collateralised securities are valued at the quoted market price plus the value of accrued interest due as at the balance sheet date and therefore requires a reclassification transfer from UK GAAP. All investments are individually assessed against publicly-available market sources to assess and confirm that they remain actively traded.

Money Market Funds – Money market funds are valued at the quoted market price as at the balance sheet date.

Deposits other than cash equivalents – Deposits are valued at the value of the deposit as at the balance sheet date.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are valued at fair value as at the balance sheet date.

Investments valued on a Solvency II basis include accrued interest income which is included in other debtors on a UK GAAP basis.

Overall these adjustments have nil impact on the valuation of the Assets, and are simply reclassifications for Solvency II Reporting.

Other assets

Trade Receivables (not insurance) are valued at fair value as at the balance sheet date. These include Accrued Interest on Investments on the UK GAAP valuation, with this being re-allocated to the Investments themselves on the Solvency II valuation basis.

Holdings in related undertakings are in respect of non-Solvency II administered subsidiaries, and:-

For Group – these are removed upon consolidation for both the UK GAAP and Solvency II reporting purposes;

For EIL – these are valued at Net Asset Valuation for both the UK GAAP and Solvency II reporting purposes.

Note 2 For Solvency II valuation purposes:-

Reinsurance recoverable

Reinsurance Recoverable – Solvency II values are calculated by applying the National Indemnity cover to the best-estimate gross claims; as opposed to the book (i.e. prudent) gross claims reported in the statutory accounts. The Solvency II values are also discounted; whereas the statutory values are not.

Solvency II values are calculated using a stochastic model to determine the expected net loss to Equitas in excess of the National Indemnity cover and therefore determine a best estimate for reinsurance recovery.

D2 Technical Provisions

Note 3 For Solvency II valuation purposes:

The Board has determined that it is appropriate to use the Solvency II Standard Formula to set the SCR Risk Capital for this company. We have used the Lloyd's standard formula template for our calculations, and this strategy has been approved by the Prudential Regulatory Authority. The Lloyd's standard formula template includes some simplifications in the calculations, which are either immaterial to or do not apply for Equitas.

With reference to the Solvency II Balance Sheets for EHL Group and EIL Solo on pages 25 & 27 the required Solvency II adjustments are as follows:

Discounted Claims' Best Estimate –On a GAAP basis it is assumed that under all reasonably foreseeable events claims will not be significant enough to exhaust the NICO reinsurance, hence GAAP net provisions are set to zero GBP on the basis of a point estimate. Solvency II (SII) requires technical provisions to reflect a best estimate of all possible outcomes. We use a Stochastic Model to simulate losses against the NICO reinsurance. In a small minority of simulations the NICO reinsurance exhausts, leading to an Undiscounted Net Best Estimate of £55,138k (2019 £53,495k). Risk free curves as specified by EIOPA (no volatility adjustment) are applied within each simulation of the Stochastic Model to arrive at the discounted provisions. The Discounted Net Best Estimate SII provisions are £47,402k (2019 £32,664k).

All of the above figures are the same for both Group & Solo.

Expenses - The SII technical provisions include an allowance for expenses (both ULAE and non ULAE). National Indemnity also provides significant aggregate cover for expenses, but a small amount is added to the SII technical provision to allow for exhaustion and Bad Debt of this expense cover. The total expense figures (excluding bad debt) added to the SII technical provision for Group was £36,014k (2019 £33,823k) undiscounted and £32,898k (2019 £26,970k) discounted.

All of the above figures are the same for both Group & Solo.

Bad Debt - the bad debt provision is an adjustment to take into account the potential losses owing to the default of the reinsurance counterparties. Although there is a contractual commitment by National Indemnity to collateralise their obligations should their rating published by Standard & Poors fall below AA-, the regulations do not allow us to take any credit for this in our SCR calculations. In addition, there are long-standing regulatory trust funds maintained in USA, Canada & Australia containing assets in excess of £1.7 billion (2019 £2.1 billion) which are available to pay the underlying claims in the event of default by National Indemnity. However, the SII regulations do not allow us to take these into account in our SCR calculations. Perversely, our Technical Provisions for bad debt will likely improve if National Indemnity's credit rating falls, due to the collateral being additionally then provided.

Owing to the very low probability of the reinsurance not responding, for Solvency II valuation purposes the Bad Debt is £11,212k (2019 10,650k) undiscounted and £10,211k (2019 £7,740k) discounted.

All of the above figures are the same for both Group & Solo.

Risk Margin - the Risk Margin is calculated by first obtaining the Solvency Capital Requirement (SCR) using the standard formula calculation (excluding Market Risk). This is assumed to decrease over time in line with the net reserve and bad debt patterns obtained from the stochastic model. A 6% capital charge was then applied to each projected year and discounted using the EIOPA risk free rates.

The resulting risk margin was £65,254k for both Group & Solo (2019 Group & Solo £48,224k).

Changes in valuation basis / assumptions

There have been no changes to the recognition and valuations bases / relevant assumptions in the period.

D3 Other Liabilities

Note 5 For Solvency II valuation purposes:-

Sub-ordinated Loan with related undertaking is valued at the fair value of the amount outstanding, being:-

For Group – these are removed upon consolidation for both the UK GAAP and Solvency II reporting purposes;

For EIL – these are valued at Net realisable valuation for both the UK GAAP and Solvency II reporting purposes, based on the cost of the loan plus the associated compound interest charged.

Reinsurance payables are valued at the fair value of the amount outstanding reduced by the bad debt provision where applicable. Owing to the short term nature of these amounts discounting is considered to be unnecessary.

Trade Payables (not insurance) are valued at fair value as at the balance sheet date.

D4 Alternative Valuation Methods

The Group do not use any alternative valuation methods

Changes in valuation basis / assumptions

There have been no changes to the recognition and valuations bases / relevant assumptions in the period.

D5 Any Other Information

There is no other material information relating to the valuation for Solvency II purposes of the Group during the period.

Equitas Insurance Limited (EIL) is subject to the requirements of the Solvency II directive and Equitas Holdings Limited is required to report under Solvency II as the group holding company. EIL was formed under the less onerous capital requirements of Solvency I and the Group has no means of raising additional capital.

E1 Own Funds

All Own Funds for the Group are Tier 1 funds and consist of ordinary share capital and retained earnings. All of these Tier 1 Funds are classed as unrestricted and of a high quality.

Own funds for Equitas Insurance Limited include a subordinated loan of £22,820k (2019 £21,925k) subordinated loan from Equitas Holdings Limited, classified as Tier 2 capital. Interest of £895k (2019 £859k) has been rolled into capital during the year. The loan is available for as long as it is required by the Company.

Aside from the movement in the profit and loss account there has been no change in capital for either the Group or Equitas Insurance Limited.

All of these Basic Own Funds are available but insufficient to meet both the Solvency Capital Requirement (SCR) and the Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR).

The details of the Group's Own Funds as at 31 March 2020 are disclosed in the Table below along with the differences between the Solvency II valuations and the UK GAAP equivalents. The Solvency II Net Assets along with the UK GAAP equivalent are also presented.

Given that there is no means of raising additional capital there is little that can be done in terms of managing own funds from a business planning perspective. On the Solvency II valuation the liabilities currently exceed the assets, giving negative own funds to meet the SCR. Our Own Risk and Solvency Assessment (ORSA) includes a Forward Looking Assessment of our technical provisions and capital requirements in future years. On the assumption that claims provisions do not deteriorate from our current best estimate, this Forward Looking Assessment shows that as liabilities develop and claims are paid, the likelihood of the NICO reinsurance exhausting should reduce over time, leading us to expect a decrease in Solvency II technical provisions. After 5 years we expect own funds available to meet the SCR to have moved to a positive value, so long as gross claims provisions do not deteriorate.

Available own funds to meet the SCR have decreased by circa £40m between 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2020, and they remain negative. This decrease is driven by a circa £40m increase in the Solvency II valuation of liabilities. The £40m increase in the Solvency II valuation of liabilities is attributable to a drop in the risk free yields used for discounting.

Solvency II Own Funds and Net Assets with UK GAAP Equivalents

Equitas Holdings Limited Group	202	80	2019	
	Solvency II value £000	GAAP value £000	Solvency II value £000	GAAP value £000
Tier 1 Funds				
Called up share capital	-	1	-	1
Retained Earnings	-	82,462	-	82,573
Reconciliation reserve	(73,302)	-	(33,024)	
Net Assets (Excess Assets over Liabilities)	(73,302)	82,462	(33,024)	82,573
Reconciliation difference	-	-	-	-
Total available and eligible own funds to meet Group SCR	(73,302)	82,462	(33,024)	82,573
Total available and eligible gown funds to meet Minimum Consolidated Group SCR	(73,302)	82,462	(33,024)	82,573

Equitas Insurance Limited	202	0	2019		
	Solvency II value £000	GAAP value £000	Solvency II value £000	GAAP value £000	
Tier 1 Funds					
Called up share capital	16,500	16,500	16,500	16,500	
Retained Earnings	-	36,932	-	37,896	
Reconciliation reserve	(118,833)	-	(77,702)	-	
Net Assets (Excess Assets over Liabilities)	(102,333)	53,432	(61,202)	54,396	
Tier 2 Funds					
Subordinated Loan	22,820	22,820	21,925	21,925	
Reconciliation difference	-		-		
Total available and eligible own funds to meet Company SCR	(79,513)	76,252	(39,277)	76,321	
Total available and eligible own funds to meet Company MCR	(79,513)	76,252	(39,277)	76,321	

The reconciliation reserve represents the retained earnings on Solvency II basis including the difference between the Solvency II valuation of the balance sheet and the statutory valuations under current UK GAAP.

These valuations differences are highlighted within the tables in Section D. For both Group and Solo, these differences are the impact of the valuation changes of the Technical Provisions under the two bases, being £155,765k at 31 March 2020 (2019: £115,598k for Solo and for the Group). The table in Section E2 (below) provides more detail on the underlying valuation changes.

The Group does not have any ancillary own funds.

Own funds are not required to finance insurance claims payments (as these are paid directly by RMSL). and are invested in a bond portfolio managed by NEAM investment managers.

The Group does not have any significant restriction to the fungibility and transferability of own funds eligible to cover Group SCR.

E2 Solvency Capital Requirement and Minimum Capital Requirement

The Group uses an accounting consolidation model for reporting purposes that includes all of the subsidiary companies listed in appendix 1.

Both EHL Group and EIL Solo use the Standard Formula as the basis for calculating capital requirements having reviewed the assumptions underlying the formula and assessed them as appropriate. There is no Internal Modelling undertaken for either Group or Solo.

The Group's Solvency Capital Requirement (SCR) at 31 March 2020 was £137,034k (2019 £113,253k) and Minimum Consolidated Group SCR at 31 March 2020 was £35,056k (2019 £29,266k).

EIL's Solvency Capital Requirement at 31 March 2020 was £140,224k (2019 £117,065k) and the Minimum Capital Requirement at 31 March 2020 was £35,056k (2019 £29,266k).

A breakdown of the Solvency II adjustments for each entity is detailed below:

$EIL\ Solo$ basis and $EHL\ Group\ basis,$ as at 31 March

	EIL Solo		EHL Group	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	£000s	£000s	£000s	$\pounds000s$
Technical provisions' adjustments				
Net best estimate	90,511	67,374	90,511	67,374
Risk Margin	65,254	48,224	62,254	48,224
Total TPs	155,765	115,598	155,765	115,598
Standard Formula SCR				
Reserve Risk	29,905	22,563	29,905	22,563
$Interest\ Rate\ Risk$	3,995	9,380	3,750	8,747
$Equity\ Risk$	10,386	10,189	0	0
Spread Risk	1,010	1,471	2,173	3,260
Currency Risk	27,414	18,877	27,414	18,877
$Concentration \ Risk$	76	14	161	27
Diversification	(8,990)	(10,254)	(4,177)	(6,718)
Market Risk	33,891	29,677	29,320	24,193
Counterparty default Risk	75,079	63,650	75,107	63,727
Diversification Credit	(31,011)	(25,840)	(28,922)	(23,365)
Basic SCR	107,864	90,050	105,411	87,118
Operational Risk	32,359	27,015	31,623	26,135
Final Standard Formula SCR	140,224	112,830	137,034	113,253
MCR	35,056	29,266		
Minimum Consolidated Group SCR	-	-	35,056	29,266

Calculation of Minimum Capital Requirement, as at 31 March

		EIL solo		EHL Gro	oup
		2019	2019	2020	2019
		$\pounds000s$	$\pounds000s$	$\pounds000s$	£000s
Linear MCR		12,104	9,057	12,104	9,057
SCR		140,224	117,065	137,034	113,253
MCR cap	45% of SCR	63,101	52,679	61,665	50,964
MCR floor	25% of SCR	35,056	29,266	34,259	28,313
Combined MCR		35,056	29,266	35,056	29,266
Absolute floor of	MCR €3,700	3,187	3,288	3,187	3,288
Minimum Capital Requirement		35,056	29,266	-	-
Minimum Consolidated					
Group SCR		-	-	35,056	29,266

${\bf E3}$ Use of the duration-based equity risk sub-module in the calculation of the Solvency Capital Requirement

The Equitas Group has not used the duration-based equity risk sub-module of the Solvency Capital Requirement.

E4 Differences between the standard formula and internal model used

The Equitas Group has not utilised an Internal model to calculate the Solvency Capital Requirement.

The Equitas Group applies the standard formula model to calculate the Solvency Capital Requirement, and therefore no differences exist.

E5 Non-compliance with the Minimum Capital Requirement and non-compliance with the Solvency Capital Requirement

Both the Group and Equitas Insurance Limited did not meet of the Solvency Capital Requirement (and hence the Minimum Capital Requirement) over the reporting period.

The Group has surplus funds under UK GAAP of £82,462k (2019 £82,573k). The Solvency II additional Technical Provisions adjustment of £155,765k (2019 £115,597k) as offset by the £82,462k (2019 £82,573k) UK GAAP Retained Earnings, results in a shortfall in own funds of £73,302k (2019 £33,024k), therefore the Group does not meet either the Solvency Capital Requirement or the Minimum Capital Requirement referred to in E2 above. The Group does not expect the shortfall to be rectified in the foreseeable future.

Similarly, Equitas Insurance Limited had surplus funds of £53,432k (2019 £54,396k) under UK GAAP, increasing to £76,252k (2019 £76,321k) with the inclusion of the Subordinated Loan due to Equitas Holdings Limited. The Solvency II additional Technical provisions adjustment of £155,765k (2019 £115,597k) to UK GAAP Retained Earnings, results in a shortfall in own funds of £79,513k (2019 £39,277k), therefore the Company does not meet the Solvency Capital Requirement or the Minimum Capital Requirement. The Company does not expect the shortfall to be rectified in the foreseeable future.

APPROVAL BY THE ADMINISTRATIVE, MANAGEMENT OR SUPERVISORY BODY (AMSB) OF THE SFCR AND REPORTING TEMPLATES

Equitas Holdings Limited

The Solvency and Financial Condition Report for the Financial period ended 31 March 2020 was approved by the Board of Directors on 4 June 2020.

We certify that:

the Solvency and Financial Condition Report ("SFCR") has been properly prepared in all material respects in accordance with the PRA rules and Solvency II Regulations; and we are satisfied that, with the exception of meeting the Solvency Capital Requirement and the Minimum Capital Requirement:

- (a) throughout the financial year in question, the Group has complied in all material respects with the requirements of the PRA rules and Solvency II Regulations as applicable to the insurer; and
- (b) it is reasonable to believe that, at the date of the publication of the SFCR, the Group has continued so to comply, and will continue so to comply in future.

J W Heap

Chief Executive Officer

11 June 2020

Report of the external independent auditors to the Directors of Equitas Holdings Limited ('the Company') pursuant to Rule 4.1 (2) of the External Audit Part of the PRA Rulebook applicable to Solvency II firms

Report on the Audit of the relevant elements of the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report

Opinion

We have audited the following documents prepared by the Company as at 31 March 2020:

- The 'Valuation for solvency purposes' and 'Capital Management' sections of the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report of the Company as at 31 March 2020, ('the Narrative Disclosures subject to audit'); and
- Group templates S.02.01.02, S.23.01.22, S.25.01.22 and S.32.01.22 ('the Group Templates subject to audit').
- Company templates S.02.01.02, S.17.01.02, S.23.01.01, S.25.01.21 and S.28.01.01 in respect of Equitas Insurance Limited ('the Company Templates subject to audit')

The Narrative Disclosures subject to audit, the Group Templates subject to audit and the Company Templates subject to audit are collectively referred to as the 'relevant elements of the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report'.

We are not required to audit, nor have we audited, and as a consequence do not express an opinion on the **Other Information** which comprises:

- The 'Summary', 'Business and performance', 'System of governance' and 'Risk profile' elements of the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report:
- Group templates S.05.01.02 and S.05.02.01 and Company templates S.05.01.02, S.05.02.01 and S.19.01.21;
- The written acknowledgement by management of their responsibilities, including for the preparation of the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report ('the Responsibility Statement');

In our opinion, the information subject to audit in the relevant elements of the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report of the Company as at 31 March 2020 is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the PRA Rules and Solvency II regulations on which they are based, as modified by relevant supervisory modifications.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) including ISA (UK) 800 and ISA (UK) 805, and applicable law. Our responsibilities

under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the relevant elements of the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard as applied to public interest entities, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report is authorised for issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to the 'Valuation for solvency purposes' and 'Capital Management' sections of the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report, which describe the basis of accounting. The Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report is prepared in compliance with the financial reporting provisions of the PRA Rules and Solvency II regulations, and therefore in accordance with a special purpose financial reporting framework. The Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report is required to be published, and intended users include but are not limited to the Prudential Regulation Authority. As a result, the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Information

The Directors are responsible for the Other Information.

Our opinion on the relevant elements of the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report does not cover the Other Information and we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the relevant elements of the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report, or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the relevant elements of the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report or a material misstatement of the Other

Information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Directors for the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the PRA rules and Solvency II regulations, which have been modified by the modifications made by the PRA under section 138A of FSMA, the PRA Rules and Solvency II regulations on which they are based, as detailed below:

Modifications

Permission to publish a Single Group-Wide SFCR

The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of a Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the relevant elements of the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report

It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the information subject to audit in the relevant elements of the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the PRA Rules and Solvency II regulations on which they are based.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the relevant elements of the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but it is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decision making or the judgement of the users taken on the basis of the Single Group-Wide Solvency and Financial Condition Report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for the Board of Directors of the Company in accordance with External Audit rule 2.1 of the Solvency II firms Sector of the PRA Rulebook and for no other purpose. We do not, in providing this report, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other party save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Rule 4.1 (3) of the External Audit Part of the PRA Rulebook for Solvency II firms we are also required to consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with our knowledge obtained in the audit of the Company's statutory financial statements. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material

misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants

nardebox loopes LLP

London 11 June 2020

Notes:

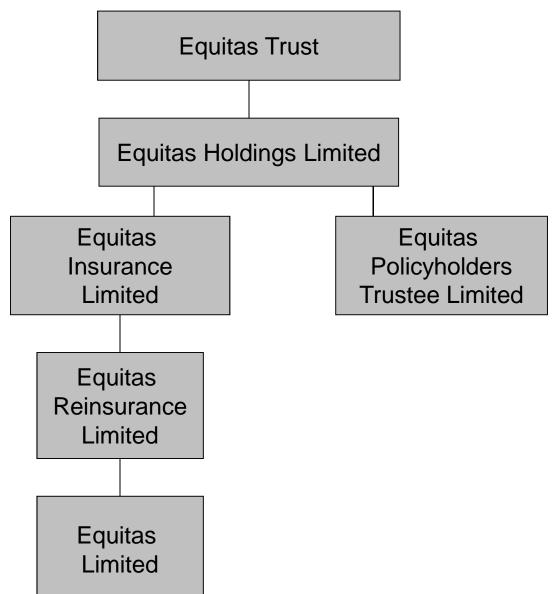
- The maintenance and integrity of the Equitas Holdings Limited website is the responsibility of the Directors; the work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the Solvency and Financial Condition Report since they were initially presented on the website.
- 2. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of Solvency and Financial Condition Report may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

LIST OF APPENDICES

- 1. Group Organisation Chart
- 2. Reinsurance Chain of Security
- 3. SFCR Templates for Equitas Holdings Limited
- 4. SFCR Templates for Equitas Insurance Limited

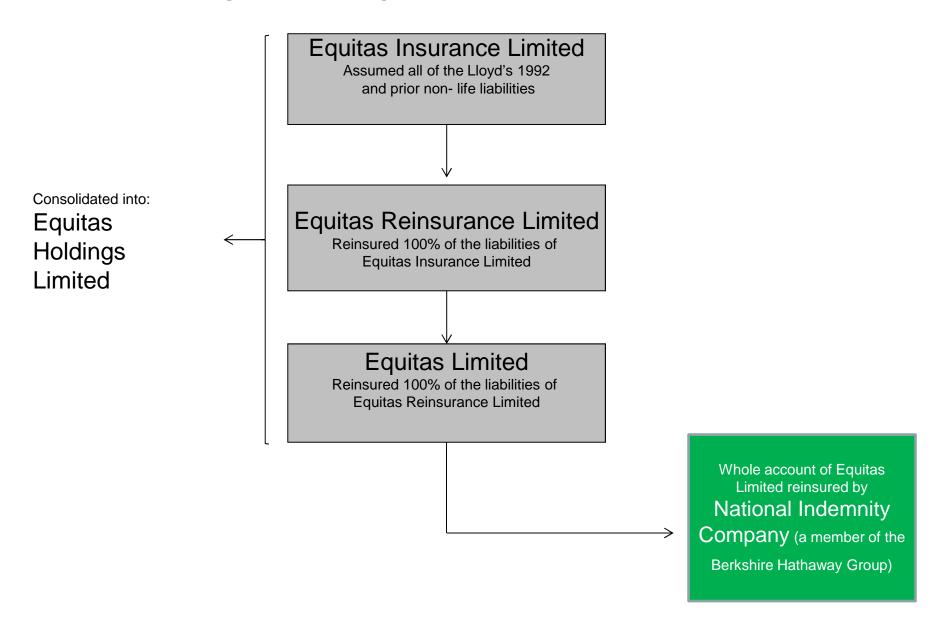
EQUITAS Structure Chart

Regulated companies: Solvency II: Equitas Insurance Limited Non-Directive companies: Equitas Reinsurance Limited Equitas Limited



Appendix 2

Equitas Group Reinsurance Flow Chart



Equitas Holdings Limited

Solvency and Financial Condition Report

Disclosures

31 March 2020

(Monetary amounts in GBP thousands)

General information

Participating undertaking name Group identification code

Type of code of group

Country of the group supervisor

Language of reporting

Reporting reference date

Currency used for reporting

Accounting standards

Method of Calculation of the group SCR

Method of group solvency calculation

Matching adjustment

Volatility adjustment

Transitional measure on the risk-free interest rate

Transitional measure on technical provisions

Equitas Holdings Limited
213800WGE6LLJYDKRI03
LEI
GB
en
31 March 2020
GBP
Local GAAP
Standard formula
Method 1 is used exclusively
No use of matching adjustment
No use of volatility adjustment
No use of transitional measure on the risk-free interest rate
No use of transitional measure on technical provisions

List of reported templates

S.02.01.02 - Balance sheet

S.05.01.02 - Premiums, claims and expenses by line of business

S.05.02.01 - Premiums, claims and expenses by country

S.23.01.22 - Own Funds

S.25.01.22 - Solvency Capital Requirement - for groups on Standard Formula

S.32.01.22 - Undertakings in the scope of the group

S.02.01.02

Balance sheet

		value
	Assets	C0010
R0030	Intangible assets	
R0040	Deferred tax assets	
R0050	Pension benefit surplus	
R0060	Property, plant & equipment held for own use	0
R0070	Investments (other than assets held for index-linked and unit-linked contracts)	79,963
R0080	Property (other than for own use)	0
R0090	Holdings in related undertakings, including participations	0
R0100	Equities	0
R0110	Equities - listed	
R0120	Equities - unlisted	
R0130	Bonds	79,963
R0140	Government Bonds	18,923
R0150	Corporate Bonds	61,039
R0160	Structured notes	0
R0170	Collateralised securities	0
R0180	Collective Investments Undertakings	0
R0190	Derivatives	
R0200	Deposits other than cash equivalents	0
R0210	Other investments	0
R0220	Assets held for index-linked and unit-linked contracts	
R0230	Loans and mortgages	0
R0240	Loans on policies	0
R0250	Loans and mortgages to individuals	
R0260	Other loans and mortgages	
R0270	Reinsurance recoverables from:	4,308,990
R0280	Non-life and health similar to non-life	4,308,990
R0290	Non-life excluding health	4,228,124
R0300	Health similar to non-life	80,867
R0310	Life and health similar to life, excluding index-linked and unit-linked	0
R0320	Health similar to life	
R0330	Life excluding health and index-linked and unit-linked	
R0340	Life index-linked and unit-linked	
R0350	Deposits to cedants	0
R0360	Insurance and intermediaries receivables	
R0370	Reinsurance receivables	
R0380	Receivables (trade, not insurance)	
R0390	Own shares (held directly)	
R0400	Amounts due in respect of own fund items or initial fund called up but not yet paid in	0
R0410	Cash and cash equivalents	2,583
R0420	Any other assets, not elsewhere shown	150
R0500	Total assets	4,391,687

Solvency II

5.02.01.02

Balance sheet

		Solvency II value
	Liabilities	C0010
R0510	Technical provisions - non-life	4,464,755
R0520	Technical provisions - non-life (excluding health)	4,380,927
R0530	TP calculated as a whole	
R0540	Best Estimate	4,316,914
R0550	Risk margin	64,013
R0560	Technical provisions - health (similar to non-life)	83,828
R0570	TP calculated as a whole	
R0580	Best Estimate	82,587
R0590	Risk margin	1,241
R0600	Technical provisions - life (excluding index-linked and unit-linked)	0
R0610	Technical provisions - health (similar to life)	0
R0620	TP calculated as a whole	
R0630	Best Estimate	
R0640	Risk margin	
R0650	Technical provisions - life (excluding health and index-linked and unit-linked)	0
R0660	TP calculated as a whole	
R0670	Best Estimate	
R0680	Risk margin	
R0690	Technical provisions - index-linked and unit-linked	0
R0700	TP calculated as a whole	
R0710	Best Estimate	
R0720	Risk margin	
R0740	Contingent liabilities	
R0750	Provisions other than technical provisions	
R0760	Pension benefit obligations	
R0770	Deposits from reinsurers	
R0780	Deferred tax liabilities	
R0790	Derivatives	
R0800	Debts owed to credit institutions	
R0810	Financial liabilities other than debts owed to credit institutions	
R0820	Insurance & intermediaries payables	
R0830	Reinsurance payables	
R0840	Payables (trade, not insurance)	
R0850	Subordinated liabilities	0
R0860	Subordinated liabilities not in BOF	
R0870	Subordinated liabilities in BOF	0
R0880	Any other liabilities, not elsewhere shown	234
R0900	Total liabilities	4,464,989
R1000	Excess of assets over liabilities	-73,302

\$.05.01.02 Premiums, claims and expenses by line of business

Non-life

	Line of Business for: non-life insurance and reinsurance obligations (direct business and accepted proportional reinsurance)						Line of business for: accepted non-proportional reinsurance										
	Medical expense insurance	Income protection insurance	Workers' compensation insurance	Motor vehicle liability insurance	Other motor insurance	Marine, aviation and transport insurance	Fire and other damage to property insurance	General liability insurance	Credit and suretyship insurance	Legal expenses insurance	Assistance	Misc. financial loss	Health	Casualty	Marine, aviation and transport	Property	Total
	C0010	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050	C0060	C0070	C0080	C0090	C0100	C0110	C0120	C0130	C0140	C0150	C0160	C0200
Premiums written																	
R0110 Gross - Direct Business																	0
R0120 Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted																	0
R0130 Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted																	0
R0140 Reinsurers' share																	0
R0200 Net	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Premiums earned																	
R0210 Gross - Direct Business																	0
R0220 Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted																	0
R0230 Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted																	0
R0240 Reinsurers' share																	0
R0300 Net	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Claims incurred																	
R0310 Gross - Direct Business	0	0	363			/		,			0	367					96,847
R0320 Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted	0	0	401	383	0	714	0	3,761	0	0	0	11					5,270
R0330 Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted													2,271	55,953		64	
R0340 Reinsurers' share	0	0	763			- /		,			0	379		55,953	-	64	
R0400 Net	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Changes in other technical provisions																	
R0410 Gross - Direct Business																	0
R0420 Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted																	0
R0430 Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted																	0
R0440 Reinsurers' share																	0
R0500 Net	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R0550 Expenses incurred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R1200 Other expenses																	
R1300 Total expenses																	0

S.05.02.01

Premiums, claims and expenses by country

Non-life

		C0010	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050	C0060	C0070
		Home Country	Top 5 countries (by amount of gross premiums written) - non-life obligations		Top 5 countries (premiums wr oblig	Total Top 5 and home country		
R0010								
	l	C0080	C0090	C0100	C0110	C0120	C0130	C0140
	Premiums written							
R0110	Gross - Direct Business							0
R0120	Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted							0
R0130	Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted							0
R0140	Reinsurers' share							0
R0200	Net	0						0
	Premiums earned							
R0210	Gross - Direct Business							0
R0220	Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted							0
R0230	Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted							0
R0240	Reinsurers' share							0
R0300	Net	0						0
	Claims incurred							
R0310	Gross - Direct Business	96,847						96,847
R0320	Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted	5,270						5,270
R0330	Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted	59,509						59,509
R0340	Reinsurers' share	161,625						161,625
R0400	Net	0						0
	Changes in other technical provisions							
R0410	Gross - Direct Business							0
R0420	Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted							0
R0430	Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted							0
R0440	Reinsurers' share							0
R0500	Net	0						0
R0550	Expenses incurred							0
R1200	Other expenses							
R1300	Total expenses							0

S.23.01.22

Own Funds

	Basic own funds before deduction for participations in other financial sector
R0010	Ordinary share capital (gross of own shares)
R0020	Non-available called but not paid in ordinary share capital at group level
R0030	Share premium account related to ordinary share capital
R0040	Initial funds, members' contributions or the equivalent basic own-fund item for mutual and mutual-type undertakings
R0050	Subordinated mutual member accounts
R0060	Non-available subordinated mutual member accounts at group level
R0070	Surplus funds
R0080	Non-available surplus funds at group level
R0090	Preference shares
R0100	Non-available preference shares at group level
R0110	Share premium account related to preference shares
R0120	Non-available share premium account related to preference shares at group level
R0130	Reconciliation reserve
R0140	Subordinated liabilities
R0150	Non-available subordinated liabilities at group level
	An amount equal to the value of net deferred tax assets
R0170	The amount equal to the value of net deferred tax assets not available at the group level
R0180	Other items approved by supervisory authority as basic own funds not specified above
R0190	Non available own funds related to other own funds items approved by supervisory authority
R0210	Non-available minority interests at group level Own funds from the financial statements that should not be represented by the reconciliation reserve and do not meet the criteria to be classified as Solvency II own funds
R0230	
R0230	whereof deducted according to art 228 of the Directive 2009/138/EC
	Deductions for participations where there is non-availability of information (Article 229)
R0260	Deduction for participations included by using D&A when a combination of methods is used
	Total of non-available own fund items
R0280	Total deductions
R0290	Total basic own funds after deductions
	Ancillary own funds
R0300	Unpaid and uncalled ordinary share capital callable on demand
R0310	Unpaid and uncalled initial funds, members' contributions or the equivalent basic own fund item for mutual and mutual - type undertakings, callable on demand
R0320	Unpaid and uncalled preference shares callable on demand
R0330	A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand
R0340	Letters of credit and guarantees under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC
R0350	Letters of credit and guarantees other than under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC
R0360	Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC
R0370	Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC
R0380	Non available ancillary own funds at group level
	Other ancillary own funds
R0400	Total ancillary own funds
	Own funds of other financial sectors
	Credit Institutions, investment firms, financial institutions, alternative investment fund managers, UCITS management companies
R0420	·
R0430	Non regulated entities carrying out financial activities
R0440	Total own funds of other financial sectors

Total	Tier 1 unrestricted	Tier 1 restricted	Tier 2	Tier 3
C0010	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050
0	0		0	
0				
0	0		0	
0	0		0	
0		0	0	0
0				
0	0			
0	0			
0		0	0	0
0				
0		0	0	0
72, 202	72 202			
-73,302 0	-73,302	0	0	0
0		0	0	0
0				0
0				0
0	0	0	0	0
0				
0				
0				
0				
0				
0				
0				
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
-73,302	-73,302	0	0	0
, ,	, ,			
0				
0				
0				
0				
0				
0				
0				
0				
0				
0			0	0
0				
0				
0				
0	0	0	0	0

S.23.01.22

Own Funds

Basic own funds before deduction for participations in other financial sector

Own funds when using the D&A, exclusively or in combination of method 1

- R0450 Own funds aggregated when using the D&A and combination of method
- R0460 Own funds aggregated when using the D&A and combination of method net of IGT
- R0520 Total available own funds to meet the consolidated group SCR (excluding own funds from other financial sector and from the undertakings included via D&A)
- R0530 Total available own funds to meet the minimum consolidated group SCR
- R0560 Total eligible own funds to meet the consolidated group SCR (excluding own funds from other financial sector and from the undertakings included via D&A)
- R0570 Total eligible own funds to meet the minimum consolidated group SCR (group)
- R0610 Minimum consolidated Group SCR
- R0650 Ratio of Eligible own funds to Minimum Consolidated Group SCR
- R0660 Total eligible own funds to meet the group SCR (including own funds from other financial sector and from the undertakings included via D&A)
- R0680 Group SCR
- R0690 Ratio of Eligible own funds to group SCR including other financial sectors and the undertakings included via D&A

Reconcilliation reserve

- R0700 Excess of assets over liabilities
- R0710 Own shares (held directly and indirectly)
- R0720 Forseeable dividends, distributions and charges
- R0730 Other basic own fund items
- R0740 Adjustment for restricted own fund items in respect of matching adjustment portfolios and ring fenced funds
- R0750 Other non available own funds
- R0760 Reconciliation reserve

Expected profits

- R0770 Expected profits included in future premiums (EPIFP) Life business
- R0780 Expected profits included in future premiums (EPIFP) Non- life business
- R0790 Total Expected profits included in future premiums (EPIFP)

Total	Tier 1 unrestricted	Tier 1 restricted	Tier 2	Tier 3
C0010	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050
0				
0				
-73,302	-73,302	0	0	0
-73,302	-73,302	0	0	
-73,302	-73,302	0	0	0
-73,302	-73,302	0	0	
35,056				
-209.10%				
-73,302	-73,302	0	0	0
137,034				
-53.49%				

C0060

-73,302
0
0
-73,302



S.25.01.22

Solvency Capital Requirement - for groups on Standard Formula

		requirement		
		C0110	C0090	C0120
R0010	Market risk	29,320		
R0020	Counterparty default risk	75,107		
R0030	Life underwriting risk	0		
R0040	Health underwriting risk	723		
R0050	Non-life underwriting risk	29,183		
R0060	Diversification	-28,922		
			USP Key	
R0070	Intangible asset risk	0	For life underwri	ting rick:
				amount of annuity
R0100	Basic Solvency Capital Requirement	105,411	benefits 9 - None	
	Calculation of Solvency Capital Requirement	C0100	For health under	writing risk: amount of annuity
R0130	Operational risk	31,623	benefits	
R0140	Loss-absorbing capacity of technical provisions	0	2 - Standard devia premium risk	tion for NSLT health
R0150	Loss-absorbing capacity of deferred taxes	0	3 - Standard devia	tion for NSLT health gro
R0160	Capital requirement for business operated in accordance with Art. 4 of Directive 2003/41/EC	0	premium risk 4 - Adjustment fac	tor for non-proportional
R0200	Solvency Capital Requirement excluding capital add-on	137,034	reinsurance	
R0210	Capital add-ons already set	0	5 - Standard devia reserve risk	tion for NSLT health
R0220	Solvency capital requirement for undertakings under consolidated method	137,034	9 - None	
	Other information on SCR		For non-life unde	rwriting risk;
R0400	Capital requirement for duration-based equity risk sub-module	0	4 - Adjustment fac reinsurance	tor for non-proportiona
	Total amount of Notional Solvency Capital Requirements for remaining part	0	6 - Standard devia	tion for non-life
R0420	Total amount of Notional Solvency Capital Requirements for ring fenced funds	0	premium risk	tion for non-life gross
R0430	Total amount of Notional Solvency Capital Requirements for matching adjustment portfolios	0	premium risk	tion for non the gross
R0440	Diversification effects due to RFF nSCR aggregation for article 304	0	8 - Standard devia reserve risk	tion for non-life
R0470	Minimum consolidated group solvency capital requirement	35,056	9 - None	
110 17 0	minimum consolidated group societicy capital requirement	33,030		
	Information on other entities			
R0500	Capital requirement for other financial sectors (Non-insurance capital requirements)	0		
D0540	Credit institutions, investment firms and financial institutions, alternative investment funds			
R0510	managers, UCITS management companies	0		
R0520	Institutions for occupational retirement provisions	0		
R0530	Capital requirement for non- regulated entities carrying out financial activities	0		
R0540	Capital requirement for non-controlled participation requirements	0		
R0550	Capital requirement for residual undertakings	0		
	Overall SCR			
R0560	SCR for undertakings included via D&A	0		
R0570	Solvency capital requirement	137,034		

Gross solvency capital

USP

Simplifications

S.32.01.22
Undertakings in the scope of the group

	Country		Type of code of the ID of the undertaking		Type of undertaking	Legal form	Category (mutual/non mutual)	Supervisory Authority
Row	C0010	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050	C0060	C0070	C0080
1	GB	21380054ZXKJDP8YZU64	LEI	Equitas Reinsurance Limited	Reinsurance undertaking	companies limited by shares	Non-mutual	Prudential Regulatory Authority
2	GB	549300LL7IYV1TB28F95	LEI	Equitas Limited	Reinsurance undertaking	companies limited by shares	Non-mutual	Prudential Regulatory Authority
3	GB	549300Y0D2W0N085H410	LEI	Equitas Insurance Limited	Reinsurance undertaking	companies limited by shares	Non-mutual	Prudential Regulatory Authority
4	GB	213800WGE6LLJYDKRI03	LEI	Equitas Holdings Limited	Reinsurance undertaking	companies limited by shares	Non-mutual	Prudential Regulatory Authority

S.32.01.22
Undertakings in the scope of the group

				Criteria of influence							cope of Group sion	Group solvency calculation	
	Country	Identification code of the undertaking	Type of code of the ID of the undertaking	% capital share	% used for the establishment of consolidated accounts	% voting rights	Other criteria	Level of influence	Proportional share used for group solvency calculation	YES/NO	Date of decision if art. 214 is applied	Method used and under method 1, treatment of the undertaking	
Row	C0010	C0020	C0030	C0180	C0190	C0200	C0210	C0220	C0230	C0240	C0250	C0260	
1	GB	21380054ZXKJDP8YZU64	LEI	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	Common Board	Dominant	100.00%	Included in the scope		Method 1: Full consolidation	
2	GB	549300LL7IYV1TB28F95	LEI	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	Common Board	Dominant	100.00%	Included in the scope		Method 1: Full consolidation	
3	GB	549300Y0D2W0N085H410	LEI	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	Common Board	Dominant	100.00%	Included in the scope		Method 1: Full consolidation	
4	GB	213800WGE6LLJYDKRI03	LEI	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%		Dominant	100.00%	Included in the scope		Method 1: Full consolidation	

Equitas Insurance Limited

Solvency and Financial Condition Report

Disclosures

31 March 2020

(Monetary amounts in GBP thousands)

General information

Undertaking name
Undertaking identification code
Type of code of undertaking
Type of undertaking
Country of authorisation
Language of reporting
Reporting reference date
Currency used for reporting
Accounting standards
Method of Calculation of the SCR
Matching adjustment

Volatility adjustment Transitional measure on the risk-free interest rate Transitional measure on technical provisions

Equitas Insurance Limited
549300Y0D2W0N085H410
LEI
Non-life undertakings
GB
en
31 March 2020
GBP
Local GAAP
Standard formula
No use of matching adjustment
No use of volatility adjustment
No use of transitional measure on the risk-free interest rate
No use of transitional measure on technical provisions

List of reported templates

- S.02.01.02 Balance sheet
- S.05.01.02 Premiums, claims and expenses by line of business
- S.05.02.01 Premiums, claims and expenses by country
- S.17.01.02 Non-Life Technical Provisions
- S.19.01.21 Non-Life insurance claims
- S.23.01.01 Own Funds
- S.25.01.21 Solvency Capital Requirement for undertakings on Standard Formula
- S.28.01.01 Minimum Capital Requirement Only life or only non-life insurance or reinsurance activity

5.02.01.02

Balance sheet

		value
	Assets	C0010
R0030	Intangible assets	
R0040	Deferred tax assets	
R0050	Pension benefit surplus	
R0060	Property, plant & equipment held for own use	0
R0070	Investments (other than assets held for index-linked and unit-linked contracts)	84,324
R0080	Property (other than for own use)	0
R0090	Holdings in related undertakings, including participations	47,208
R0100	Equities	0
R0110	Equities - listed	
R0120	Equities - unlisted	
R0130	Bonds	37,116
R0140	Government Bonds	8,640
R0150	Corporate Bonds	28,476
R0160	Structured notes	0
R0170	Collateralised securities	0
R0180	Collective Investments Undertakings	0
R0190	Derivatives	
R0200	Deposits other than cash equivalents	0
R0210	Other investments	0
R0220	Assets held for index-linked and unit-linked contracts	
R0230	Loans and mortgages	0
R0240	Loans on policies	0
R0250	Loans and mortgages to individuals	
R0260	Other loans and mortgages	
R0270	Reinsurance recoverables from:	4,308,990
R0280	Non-life and health similar to non-life	4,308,990
R0290	Non-life excluding health	4,228,124
R0300	Health similar to non-life	80,867
R0310	Life and health similar to life, excluding index-linked and unit-linked	0
R0320	Health similar to life	
R0330	Life excluding health and index-linked and unit-linked	
R0340	Life index-linked and unit-linked	
R0350	Deposits to cedants	0
R0360	Insurance and intermediaries receivables	
R0370	Reinsurance receivables	
R0380	Receivables (trade, not insurance)	
R0390	Own shares (held directly)	
R0400	Amounts due in respect of own fund items or initial fund called up but not yet paid in	0
R0410	Cash and cash equivalents	945
R0420	Any other assets, not elsewhere shown	
R0500	Total assets	4,394,260

Solvency II

S.02.01.02

Balance sheet

		Solvency II value
	Liabilities	C0010
R0510	Technical provisions - non-life	4,464,755
R0520	Technical provisions - non-life (excluding health)	4,380,927
R0530	TP calculated as a whole	0
R0540	Best Estimate	4,316,914
R0550	Risk margin	64,013
R0560	Technical provisions - health (similar to non-life)	83,828
R0570	TP calculated as a whole	0
R0580	Best Estimate	82,587
R0590	Risk margin	1,241
R0600	Technical provisions - life (excluding index-linked and unit-linked)	0
R0610	Technical provisions - health (similar to life)	0
R0620	TP calculated as a whole	
R0630	Best Estimate	
R0640	Risk margin	
R0650	Technical provisions - life (excluding health and index-linked and unit-linked)	0
R0660	TP calculated as a whole	
R0670	Best Estimate	
R0680	Risk margin	
R0690	Technical provisions - index-linked and unit-linked	0
R0700	TP calculated as a whole	
R0710	Best Estimate	
R0720	Risk margin	
R0740	Contingent liabilities	0
R0750	Provisions other than technical provisions	
R0760	Pension benefit obligations	
R0770	Deposits from reinsurers	
R0780	Deferred tax liabilities	
R0790	Derivatives	
R0800	Debts owed to credit institutions	
R0810	Financial liabilities other than debts owed to credit institutions	
R0820	Insurance & intermediaries payables	
R0830	Reinsurance payables	
R0840	Payables (trade, not insurance)	
R0850	Subordinated liabilities	22,820
R0860	Subordinated liabilities not in BOF	
R0870	Subordinated liabilities in BOF	22,820
R0880	Any other liabilities, not elsewhere shown	9,017
R0900	Total liabilities	4,496,592
R1000	Excess of assets over liabilities	-102,333

\$.05.01.02 Premiums, claims and expenses by line of business

Non-life

		Line of Business for: non-life insurance and reinsurance obligations (direct business and accepted proportional reinsurance)								Line of business for: accepted non-proportional reinsurance								
		Medical expense insurance	Income protection insurance	Workers' compensation insurance	Motor vehicle liability insurance	Other motor insurance	Marine, aviation and transport insurance	Fire and other damage to property insurance	General liability insurance	Credit and suretyship insurance	Legal expenses insurance	Assistance	Misc. financial loss	Health	Casualty	Marine, aviation and transport	Property	Total
	L	C0010	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050	C0060	C0070	C0080	C0090	C0100	C0110	C0120	C0130	C0140	C0150	C0160	C0200
Premiums written																		
R0110 Gross - Direct Business																		0
R0120 Gross - Proportional rei	insurance accepted																	0
R0130 Gross - Non-proportiona	al reinsurance accepted																	0
R0140 Reinsurers' share																		0
R0200 Net		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0
Premiums earned	•																	
R0210 Gross - Direct Business																		0
R0220 Gross - Proportional rei	insurance accepted																	0
R0230 Gross - Non-proportiona	al reinsurance accepted																	0
R0240 Reinsurers' share																		0
R0300 Net		0	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0
Claims incurred	•																	
R0310 Gross - Direct Business		0	0	363	80	0	2,892	0	93,145	0	0	(367					96,847
R0320 Gross - Proportional rei	insurance accepted	0	0	401	383	0	714	0	3,761	0	0	(11					5,270
R0330 Gross - Non-proportiona	al reinsurance accepted													2,271	55,953	1,221	64	59,509
R0340 Reinsurers' share		0	0	763	463	0	3,606	0	96,906	0	0	(379	2,271	55,953	1,221	64	161,625
R0400 Net		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0
Changes in other techr	nical provisions																	
R0410 Gross - Direct Business																		0
R0420 Gross - Proportional rei	insurance accepted																	0
R0430 Gross - Non-proportiona	al reinsurance accepted																	0
R0440 Reinsurers' share																		0
R0500 Net		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0
R0550 Expenses incurred		0	0	9	5	0	42	0	1,128	0	0	() 4	26	652	14	1	1,882
R1200 Other expenses	ı																	
R1300 Total expenses																		1,882

S.05.02.01

Premiums, claims and expenses by country

Non-life

		C0010	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050	C0060	C0070
		Home Country	Top 5 countries (by amount of gross p non-life obligations		premiums wr	by amount of gross itten) - non-life gations	Total Top 5 and home country
R0010								
	l	C0080	C0090	C0100	C0110	C0120	C0130	C0140
	Premiums written							
R0110	Gross - Direct Business							0
R0120	Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted							0
R0130	Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted							0
R0140	Reinsurers' share							0
R0200	Net	0						0
	Premiums earned							
R0210	Gross - Direct Business							0
R0220	Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted							0
R0230	Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted							0
R0240	Reinsurers' share							0
R0300	Net	0						0
	Claims incurred							
R0310	Gross - Direct Business	96,847						96,847
R0320	Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted	5,270						5,270
R0330	Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted	59,509						59,509
R0340	Reinsurers' share	161,625						161,625
R0400	Net	0						0
	Changes in other technical provisions							
R0410	Gross - Direct Business							0
R0420	Gross - Proportional reinsurance accepted							0
R0430	Gross - Non-proportional reinsurance accepted							0
R0440	Reinsurers' share							0
R0500	Net	0						0
R0550	Expenses incurred							0
R1200	Other expenses							
R1300	Total expenses							0

S.17.01.02 Non-Life Technical Provisions

	Direct business and accepted proportional reinsurance						Accepted non-proportional reinsurance										
	Medical expense insurance	Income protection insurance	Workers' compensation insurance	Motor vehicle liability insurance	Other motor insurance	Marine, aviation and transport insurance	Fire and other damage to property insurance	General liability insurance	Credit and suretyship insurance	Legal expenses insurance	Assistance	Miscellaneous financial loss	Non- proportional health reinsurance	Non- proportional casualty reinsurance	Non- proportional marine, aviation and transport reinsurance	Non- proportional property reinsurance	Total Non-Life obligation
	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050	C0060	C0070	C0080	C0090	C0100	C0110	C0120	C0130	C0140	C0150	C0160	C0170	C0180
R0010 Technical provisions calculated as a whole	0	С	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Recoverables from reinsurance/SPV and Finite Re after R0050 the adjustment for expected losses due to counterparty default associated to TP calculated as a whole																	0
Technical provisions calculated as a sum of BE and RM																	
Best estimate																	
Premium provisions																	
R0060 Gross	0	С	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total recoverable from reinsurance/SPV and Finite Re R0140 after the adjustment for expected losses due to counterparty default																	0
R0150 Net Best Estimate of Premium Provisions	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Claims provisions																	
R0160 Gross	0	C	20,781	12,590	0	98,164	0	2,637,808	(0	0	10,308	61,806	1,523,073	33,241	1,731	4,399,501
Total recoverable from reinsurance/SPV and Finite Re R0240 after the adjustment for expected losses due to counterparty default	0	C	20,349	12,353	0	96,126	0	2,583,541	(0	0	10,092	60,517	1,491,741	32,578	1,693	4,308,990
R0250 Net Best Estimate of Claims Provisions	0	C	432	236	0	2,038	0	54,268	(0	0	216	1,289	31,331	663	37	90,511
R0260 Total best estimate - gross	0		20,781	12,590	0	98,164	0	2,637,808	(0	0	10,308	61,806	1,523,073	33,241	1,731	4,399,501
R0270 Total best estimate - net	0	C	432	236	0	2,038	0	54,268	(0	0	216	1,289	31,331	663	37	90,511
R0280 Risk margin	0	C	311	170	0	1,469	0	39,124	(0	0	156	929	22,588	478	27	65,254
Amount of the transitional on Technical Provisions																	
R0290 Technical Provisions calculated as a whole																	0
R0300 Best estimate																	0
R0310 Risk margin																	0
R0320 Technical provisions - total	0	C	21,093	12,760	0	99,633	0	2,676,933	(0	0	10,463	62,735	1,545,661	33,719	1,758	4,464,755
Recoverable from reinsurance contract/SPV and R0330 Finite Re after the adjustment for expected losses due to counterparty default - total	0	C	20,349	12,353	0	96,126	0	2,583,541	(0	0	10,092	60,517	1,491,741	32,578	1,693	4,308,990
R0340 Technical provisions minus recoverables from reinsurance/SPV and Finite Re - total	0	C	743	407	0	3,507	0	93,392	(0	0	372	2,218	53,920	1,141	64	155,765

S.19.01.21 Non-Life insurance claims

Total Non-life business

Accident year / underwriting year Underwriting Year Z0020

Ī	Gross Claims	s Paid (non-cun	nulative)											
	(absolute am	nount)												
		C0010	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050	C0060	C0070	C0080	C0090	C0100	C0110	C0170	C0180
	Year					Developm	ent year						In Current	Sum of years
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 & +	year	(cumulative)
R0100	Prior											189,185	189,185	189,185
R0160	2011	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
R0170	2012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0
R0180	2013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				0	0
R0190	2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					0	0
R0200	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0						0	0
R0210	2016	0	0	0	0	0							0	0
R0220	2017	0	0	0	0								0	0
R0230	2018	0	0	0									0	0
R0240	2019	0	0										0	0
R0250	2020	0											0	0
R0260												Total	189,185	189,185

	Gross Undisc	counted Best Es	stimate Clain	ns Provisions									
	(absolute am	nount)											
													C0360
		C0200	C0210	C0220	C0230	C0240	C0250	C0260	C0270	C0280	C0290	C0300	Year end
	Year					Developm	ent year						(discounted
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 & +	data)
R0100	Prior											4,656,123	4,399,501
R0160	2011	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0
R0170	2012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			0
R0180	2013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				0
R0190	2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					0
R0200	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0		_				0
R0210	2016	0	0	0	0	0							0
R0220	2017	0	0	0	0								0
R0230	2018	0	0	0									0
R0240	2019	0	0										0
R0250	2020	0											0
R0260												Total	4,399,501

S.23.01.01

Own Funds

	Basic own funds before deduction for participations in other financial sector as foreseen in article 68 of Delegated Regulation 2015/35
R0010	Ordinary share capital (gross of own shares)
	Share premium account related to ordinary share capital
	Initial funds, members' contributions or the equivalent basic own-fund item for mutual and mutual-type undertakings
R0050	Subordinated mutual member accounts
R0070	Surplus funds
R0090	Preference shares
R0110	Share premium account related to preference shares
R0130	Reconciliation reserve
R0140	Subordinated liabilities
	An amount equal to the value of net deferred tax assets
R0180	Other own fund items approved by the supervisory authority as basic own funds not specified above
R0220	Own funds from the financial statements that should not be represented by the reconciliation reserve and do not meet the criteria to be classified as Solvency II own funds
R0230	Deductions for participations in financial and credit institutions
R0290	Total basic own funds after deductions
	Ancillary own funds
	Unpaid and uncalled ordinary share capital callable on demand
	Unpaid and uncalled initial funds, members' contributions or the equivalent basic own fund item for mutual and mutual - type undertakings, callable on demand
	Unpaid and uncalled preference shares callable on demand
	A legally binding commitment to subscribe and pay for subordinated liabilities on demand Letters of credit and guarantees under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC
	Letters of credit and guarantees other than under Article 96(2) of the Directive 2009/138/EC
	Supplementary members calls under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC
	Supplementary members calls - other than under first subparagraph of Article 96(3) of the Directive 2009/138/EC
	Other ancillary own funds
R0400	Total ancillary own funds
	Available and eligible own funds
R0500	Total available own funds to meet the SCR
	Total available own funds to meet the MCR
	Total eligible own funds to meet the SCR
	Total eligible own funds to meet the MCR
R0580 R0600	
	Ratio of Eligible own funds to SCR
	Ratio of Eligible own funds to MCR
	Reconcilliation reserve
R0700	Excess of assets over liabilities
R0710	Own shares (held directly and indirectly)
	Foreseeable dividends, distributions and charges
	Other basic own fund items
	Adjustment for restricted own fund items in respect of matching adjustment portfolios and ring fenced funds Reconciliation reserve
	Expected profits
R0770	Expected profits included in future premiums (EPIFP) - Life business
R0780	
	Total Expected profits included in future premiums (EPIFP)

Total	Tier 1 unrestricted	Tier 1 restricted	Tier 2	Tier 3
C0010	C0020	C0030	C0040	C0050
16,500	16,500		0	
0	0		0	
0	0		0	
0		0	0	0
0	0			
0		0	0	0
0		0	0	0
-118,833	-118,833			
22,820		0	22,820	0
0				0
0	0	0	0	0
0				
0	0	0	0	
-79,512	-102,333	0	22,820	0
0				
0				
0				
l n				

0		
0		
0		
0		
0		
0		
0		
0		
0		
0	0	0

-79,512	-102,333	0	22,820	0
-79,512	-102,333	0	22,820	
-102,333	-102,333	0	0	0
-102,333	-102,333	0	0	

140,224
35,056
-72.98%
-291.91%

C0060

-102,333
0
16,500
0
-118,833

0

Solvency Capital Requirement - for undertakings on Standard Formula

		Gross solvency capital requirement	USP	Simplifications	
		C0110	C0090	C0120	
R0010	Market risk	33,891			
R0020	Counterparty default risk	75,079			
R0030	Life underwriting risk	0			
R0040	Health underwriting risk	723			
R0050	Non-life underwriting risk	29,183			
R0060	Diversification	-31,011			
			USP Key		
R0070	Intangible asset risk	0	For life underwriting		
			 Increase in the amount of annuity benefits 		
R0100	Basic Solvency Capital Requirement	107,864	9 - None		
			For health underwi	riting risk;	
	Calculation of Solvency Capital Requirement	C0100	1 - Increase in the a		
	Operational risk	32,359	benefits 2 - Standard deviati	on for NSLT health	
	Loss-absorbing capacity of technical provisions	0	premium risk	on for NSLT health gross	
	Loss-absorbing capacity of deferred taxes		premium risk	_	
	Capital requirement for business operated in accordance with Art. 4 of Directive 2003/41/EC	0	4 - Adjustment factor reinsurance	or for non-proportional	
R0200		140,224	5 - Standard deviati	on for NSLT health	
R0210	Capital add-ons already set	140.224	reserve risk 9 - None		
R0220	Solvency capital requirement	140,224			
	Other information on SCR		For non-life underv 4 - Adjustment facto	writing risk; or for non-proportional	
BU400	Capital requirement for duration-based equity risk sub-module	0	reinsurance 6 - Standard deviati	on for non life	
R0410		0	promium riek	on for non-tire	
	Total amount of Notional Solvency Capital Requirements for ring fenced funds	0	 7 - Standard deviation for non-life gross premium risk 		
	Total amount of Notional Solvency Capital Requirements for matching adjustment portfolios	0	8 - Standard deviati	on for non-life	
	Diversification effects due to RFF nSCR aggregation for article 304	0	reserve risk		
110440	Diversification effects due to Ki F fisch aggregation for alticle 304	0	7 110110		
	Approach to tax rate	C0109			
R0590	Approach based on average tax rate	0			
	The same and the s				
	Calculation of loss absorbing capacity of deferred taxes	LAC DT			
	,	C0130			
R0640	LAC DT				
R0650	LAC DT justified by reversion of deferred tax liabilities	0			
	LAC DT justified by reference to probable future taxable economic profit	0			
	LAC DT justified by carry back, current year	0			
R0680	LAC DT justified by carry back, future years	0			
	Maximum LAC DT	0			

S.28.01.01 Minimum Capital Requirement - Only life or only non-life insurance or reinsurance activity

	Linear formula component for non-life insurance and reinsurance obligations	C0010		
R0010	MCR _{NL} Result	12,104		
			Net (of reinsurance/SPV) best estimate and TP calculated as a whole	Net (of reinsurance) written premiums in the last 12 months
			C0020	C0030
R0020	Medical expense insurance and proportional reinsurance		0	
R0030	Income protection insurance and proportional reinsurance		0	
R0040	Workers' compensation insurance and proportional reinsurance		432	
R0050	Motor vehicle liability insurance and proportional reinsurance		236	
R0060	Other motor insurance and proportional reinsurance		0	
R0070	Marine, aviation and transport insurance and proportional reinsurance		2,038	
R0080	Fire and other damage to property insurance and proportional reinsurance		0	
R0090	General liability insurance and proportional reinsurance		54,268	
R0100	Credit and suretyship insurance and proportional reinsurance		0	
R0110	Legal expenses insurance and proportional reinsurance		0	
R0120	Assistance and proportional reinsurance		0	
R0130	Miscellaneous financial loss insurance and proportional reinsurance		216	
R0140	Non-proportional health reinsurance		1,289	
R0150	Non-proportional casualty reinsurance		31,331	
R0160	Non-proportional marine, aviation and transport reinsurance		663	
R0170	Non-proportional property reinsurance		37	
	Linear formula component for life insurance and reinsurance obligations	C0040		
R0200	MCR _L Result	0		
			Net (of reinsurance/SPV) best estimate and TP calculated as a whole	Net (of reinsurance/SPV) total capital at risk
			C0050	C0060
R0210	Obligations with profit participation - guaranteed benefits			
R0220	Obligations with profit participation - future discretionary benefits			
R0230	Index-linked and unit-linked insurance obligations			
R0240	Other life (re)insurance and health (re)insurance obligations			
R0250	Total capital at risk for all life (re)insurance obligations			
	Overall MCR calculation	C0070		
R0300	Linear MCR	12,104		
R0310	SCR	140,224		
R0320	MCR cap	63,101		
R0330	MCR floor	35,056		
R0340	Combined MCR	35,056		
R0350	Absolute floor of the MCR	3,187		
R0400	Minimum Capital Requirement	35,056		